

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING
DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING
LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.3319
TO BE ANSWERED ON 21ST MARCH 2023

COOPERATIVE MILK PRODUCTION CENTRES

3319. DR. D.N.V. SENTHILKUMAR S:
SHRIMATI SUPRIYA SULE:

Will the Minister of FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING
मत्स्यपालन, पशुपालन और डेयरी मंत्री
be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has formulated any concrete policy to provide loans to the farmers at cheaper rate to increase milk productivity and if so, the details thereof;
- (b) the total number of cooperative milk production centres in the country, State-wise including Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu along with the details of policy to improve the condition of these centres;
- (c) whether dairy cooperatives sell milk to consumers at much higher rate though they purchase it at very low rate from the dairy farmers who contribute immensely in dairy market and industry in the country including Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu;
- (d) if so, the details thereof and the reaction of the Government thereto;
- (e) whether the Government proposes to fix the minimum support price for milk to ensure remunerative prices of milk and milk products to dairy farmers; and
- (f) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

**THE MINISTER FOR FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING
(SHRI PARSHOTTAM RUPALA)**

- (a) Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying (DAHD), Government of India is implementing following schemes to provide loans to the farmers at cheaper rate to increase milk productivity:
 - i. Animal Husbandry Infrastructure Development Fund: The scheme provides Interest subvention @3% per annum on loan component of the project cost for setting up of animal feed plant, breed improvement technology and breed multiplication farm, amongst others.
 - ii. Rashtriya Gokul Mission : 50% capital subsidy is available for eligible entrepreneurs (individual/SHGs/FCO/FPO/JLGs and section 8 companies) for establishment of breed multiplication farm preferably of indigenous breeds on hub and spoke model under Rashtriya Gokul Mission. Balance 50% will be Loan and beneficiary contribution (Beneficiary contribution shall not exceed 37.5%).

- iii. Dairy Processing and Infrastructure Development Fund: : The scheme provides Interest subvention upto @2.5% per annum on loan component of the project cost for setting up of Cattle feed/feed supplement plants and Cattle feed go-downs to support milk productivity.
 - iv. National Programme for Dairy Development-Component B (Dairying through Cooperatives) provides for 90% grant assistance to the eligible end borrowers namely, Milk Unions, Multi State Milk Cooperatives, State Milk Federations, and Milk Producer Companies for Productivity Enhancement including nutritional intervention, fodder development and crop residue management amongst others. It aims to benefit enrolled farmer-members.
- (b) DAHD is implementing following dairy development schemes for development of Dairy Sector including dairy co-operatives:
- (i) National Programme for Dairy Development (NPDD)
 - (ii) Dairy Processing and Infrastructure Development Fund (DIDF)
 - (iii) Supporting Dairy Cooperative and Farmer Producer Organizations engaged in dairy activities (SDCFPO)

The total number of dairy cooperative societies in the country, State-wise including Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu is given at **Annexure**.

(c) & (d) Based on the inputs received from Cooperative Dairy Federations/Milk unions, all India average sale price, including Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu, of full cream milk (6% fat and 9% solid not fat) to the consumers is about Rs 60.68 per litre and average procurement price offered to the farmer is about Rs 46.15 per Kg for milk (6% fat and 9% solid not fat). About 76% of the consumer rupee is paid back to the primary producers/farmer. Further, farmer-members of the cooperatives also receive annual bonuses plus various input services like veterinary services, Artificial Insemination (AI), cattle feed at subsidized rates etc and market access.

(e) & (f) DAHD does not regulate the procurement and sale prices of milk in the country. Prices are decided by the cooperative and private dairies based on their cost of production and, by market forces, in general. Since milk pricing is free from Government control, this Department does not have any proposal to fix Minimum Support Price (MSP) for milk in the country.

State-wise Dairy Cooperative Societies in the country

Sr. No.	STATE NAME	Number of Organised DCS/MPPs (000 Nos)
1	ANDHRA PRADESH	7.23
2	ASSAM	0.49
3	BIHAR	27.90
4	CHHATTISGARH	1.10
5	GOA	0.18
6	GUJARAT	22.38
7	HARYANA	7.96
8	HIMACHAL PRADESH	1.07
9	JAMMU & KASHMIR	0.91
10	JHARKHAND	0.88
11	KARNATAKA	17.04
12	KERALA	3.38
13	MADHYA PRADESH	11.18
14	MAHARASHTRA	19.40
15	MANIPUR	0.23
16	MEGHALAYA	0.02
17	MIZORAM	0.06
18	NAGALAND	0.05
19	ODISHA	6.65
20	PUDUCHERRY	0.11
21	PUNJAB	8.67
22	RAJASTHAN	23.26
23	SIKKIM	0.65
24	TAMIL NADU	10.86
25	TELANGANA	6.84
26	TRIPURA	0.13
27	UTTAR PRADESH	38.29
28	UTTARAKHAND	4.11
29	WEST BENGAL	3.71
	Total	224.72
<i>Source: Milk Unions/Federation/Milk Producer Organisations</i>		
<i>Data pertain to organised Dairy Cooperative Societies (DCS) and Milk Pooling Points (MPP)</i>		